

1. The ability of the OS to allow part of the job to reside in the memory during execution ensures that the size of the physical memory does not impose any restrictions on the size of the job is called _____.
2. The Process of moving pages in and out of physical memory is called _____.
3. Dividing the job by grouping of information related logically is called _____.
4. A Process has data region, code region and _____.
5. The algorithm in which the process gets only a fixed time slice in rotation is called _____.
6. The corresponding name of FAT(File allocation table) in UNIX is _____.
7. The first set of permissions in UNIX file belongs to _____.
8. the technique to by pass the CPU for accessing the storage area is called _____.
9. To switch one from one process to another process with preemption is called_____.
10. The excessive activity due to incoming and outgoing pages for memory management is called _____.